Senator Washburn Becomes Very Wroth

OVER HIS ANTI-OPTION BILL rarely been a time in public life here

And the Attempt Made to Postpone Action on It Made in the Senate. A Breeze Created.

Washington, July 15.-The senste today adopted the final conference reports on the army, navy and legislative executive and judicial appropriation bills and assented to a house resolution extending existing appropriations for objects not yet acted upon until July 30. It also passed the fortifications will with amendments. At the end of Mr. Squire's speech and pending consideration of an amendment offered by Mr. Hawley (republican) of Connecticut, to appropriate \$200,000 for the construction of castiron seacoast mortars, a decidedly breezy incident occurred. Mr. Manderson (republican) of Nebrasks, prefacing his motion by the statement that it was made with its full assent from the gentleman from the appropriation committee who had charge of the still undisposed of bill, moved that when the senate adjourned today it be to meet on Monday

Mr. Washburn (republican) of Min-nesota immediately sprang to his feet and said with much apparent excite-ment: "Mr. President, I object; there s other business for them tomorrow. I shall be very glad to go on with the anti-optain bill and give the senators, if they desire to do so, an opportunity to speak upon it. I do not know why we should lose one day if the appro-priation committee are not ready to let us go on with other business."

Washburn Gets Warmer. Mr. Manderson-I simply desire to suggest that the anti-option bill could have no better friend than I am. I earnestly hope it will receive full consideration but I have no question that the final adjournment of the senate and the final disposition of the antioption bill will be advanced by the

motion I have made.

Mr. Washburn with increasing warmth replied that he thoroughly understood the purpose of those who wefe opposed to the bill to defeat it in this way by crowding it out with adjournments be talking it to death and by using every subterfuge to prevent its consideration. "Against this," he continued, "I protest. This is the continued, "I protest. This is the most important measure that is before senate and now in the closing hours of the session it was deliberately proposed to lose a day. If this is the proposition of a friend of the anti-option bill, I say from such friends as the senator from Nebraska, good Lord deliver us. [Laughter.] Such kind of friends will defeat any

To this Mr. Manderson, in his full, resonant voice, answered: "Aside from the parliamentary question, Mr. Presiient, and the voluntary and gratuitous insult which is contained in the sort of suggestion which has fallen senator from Minnesota Washburn). I simply desire to say that have made this motion after a full consultation with the gentlemen the appropriation committee I have made this motion, as I believe for the better dispatch of the public business, including the antioption bill. I don't believe that this bill will be advanced by this sort of language from the gentleman having it in charge. I certainly have no desire to procrustinate or delay in the consideration of the bill. I am in favor of the anti-option bill. I expect to address the sepate in its advocacy and to vote for it. I certainly think the sena-tor from Minnesota (Mr. Washburn) on full deliberation and reflection will agree that he cannot advance the interests of the bill by this sort of reflection.

Refused to Adjourn Till Monday. The presiding officer (Mr. Turple of Indiana in the chair) proceeded to put the question when Mr. Washburn rose and said: "I certainly did not desire to cast any reflection—" The presiding offi-cer (interrupting with considerable sharpness of tone)—"The chair did not recognize the senator from Minnesota. Debate can only proceed by unanimous consent. The question is the motion of the senator from Nebraska that when the senate adjourn it be until Mr. Manderson demanded Monday." the year and have. The roll was called and the motion to adjourn over atil Monday was lost by 21 to 28, The senate which was comparatively empty at the beginning of the scene filled rapidly from the cloak rooms and committee rooms as it progressed and considerable interest was manifested in the discussion. After the resumed the chair as presiding officer and sweet peace once more reigned. hortly afterward the senate adjourned after five minutes in secret session.

House Proceedings.

Washington, July 15 .- The consideration of the sundry civil bill occupied the attention of the house today, the World's fair appropriation of \$7,500,000 being under discussion. Duburrow (democrat) of lilinois sent to the desk and had read the majority report of the committee on World's fair as containing his views on the subject under in favor of the appropriation. Mr. Mc-Creary (democrat) of Kentucky, a member of the World's fair committee, opposed the loan. He was followed by by Mr. Pendleton, (demonrat,) of West Virginia, who spoke in favor of the measure. Mr. Little, (democrat,) of New York, a member of the committee who submitted the amority report, that the government was rid of responsibility when the original bill do the rest. Mr. Taylor, (republican.) of Illinois, favored the appropriation and said the government had said toned this great enterprise and should now give it this necessary aid. He could not disgrace toil fair and ourselves by refusing to support it. The conference The house then took a recess until 8

o'clock tought.

The night session of the house was devoted to the consideration of saveral private persons hills. Sixty eight hills were considered in the committee of

WAS MAD ABOUT IT the whole, but no final action was SAT DOWN ON HIM reached on any of them and at 10:45 SAT DOWN ON HIM adjourned until tomorrow.

CAUGHT BY THE VOTES. Democrats Guilty of Dishonesty and Cowardice.

Washington, July 15 .- There has when such desperate efforts have been made to prove that black is white. Demagogy has rarely had so many votaries as now. But the attempts of the mugwumps and the few anti-sliver democrats to prove a lie to be the truth have surpassed every exhibition of personal and partisan hypocrasy heretofore made. They say that the democrats defeated the free coinage bill in the house. It is not true. The attempt to make the people believe such a statement is dishonest. There was a democratic quorum in the house and the cratic quorum in the house and the truth is that if every republican had refrained from voting and only democrats had voted, the free coinage bill would have passed the house by a democratic majority. No demagogue or charlatan can so juggle the figures as to make the contrary appear to be the fact.

Analysis of the Votes.

Taking the second vote the following Democratic vote for free silver, 117; democratic vote against free silver, 94; democratic majority for free sil-

Republican vote for free silver, 8; republican vote against free silver, 60; republican majority against free sil-

ver, 52.
If the republicans had not voted the free comage bill, with its menace to business interests, would have passed. Except for republican votes in the house, March 24, the Bland bill would have passed. The democrats voted by an emphatic majority for both these destructive measures. The same rec-ord is shown by all the votes which have been taken in congress at this session on the free comage question, as

the following record shows: Record in the house of representatives March 24, 1892, on the Bland free adver bill:

Democratic vote for free silver, 130; democratic vote against free silver, 81; democratic majority for free silver, 49. Republican vote for free silver, 67; republican vote against free silver, 113; republican majority against free

silver, 56. Record in the senate July 1 on the

Democrata for free silver, 30; democrats against free silver, 10; democratic majority for free silver, 20.

Republicans for free silver, 14; re-publicans against free silver, 31; republican majority against free sil-

The truth is that the mugwumps and Cleveland democrats have been engaged in a dishonest and cowardly effort to conceal the free coinage sentiment in the democratic party. They will not be successful unless they can prove the truth to be a lie. They have, by the threat that patronage should be withheld in the event of Cleveland's election induced some democratic free

election, induced some democratic free coinage men to stultify themselves and to vote against free coinage. But not one of these free coinage democrats admits that he has abandoned his free silver views, or that he will make any attempt to conceal them after election. In fact they say that they have so voted in the hope that they may help Cleveiand, and that they reserve the right to assert their views after election. The silver issue, they say, has only been sent to the rear until after November. Cleveland has, undoubtedly, exerted himself to aid in the accomplishment of this fraud. Yet with all this blatant

pretense the record of the final vote ias shown that the democratic party is what Representative Pierce was honest mough to say it was-a free silver party. Done by Republicans, The defeat of the free coinage bill in the house is due to the republican members. Every one knows that the democratic vote against taking up the bill was not cast exclusively, nor even mainly, by democrats who are opposed

to silver comage. Much the largest part of it came from democratic repreentatives who mean to vote for free comage whenever they think they can afford to do so, but who do not dare now, with a presidential election close at hand, to face the consequence of

No vote in the house this year could be expected to show the full strength of free coinage among the democrats. cores of democratic representatives who would vote for the measure at any other time have felt compelled to ote against the bill this year on the ground that its passage would burt the party in the presidential election. In the language of Sepator Vest they want the democratic party to get full power first, and it will then settle the silver question in its own way. These men for free coinage next winter or at any future time. If these, with a small minority of democrats who really oppose free coinage, prevent the passage of a buil this summer with the aid of re-publicans, they hope to get strong enough to pass a free coinage bill hereafter, and they do not believe that a democratic president will ever set him. self against the declared wishes of his

NOMINATION WITHDRAWN. President Harrison Recalls the Name of a

Postmaster. WASHINGTON, July 15 .- The president ent to the senate the following message: "I withdraw the nomination which was sent to the senate on the 30th of June, 1892, of William D. Crum

Mr. Crum was a delegate to the Minneapolis convention. The South Carolina delegation was instructed for President Harrison, but when the delegation reached Minneapolis Mr. Crum was considered doubtful and it is said did not declare himself for Harrison until the postmastership of Charlescou was promised him. After the convention the nomination of Mr. Crum was sent to the senate, and referred to the committee on postoffices and post roads. Meetings were held in Charleston protesting against the confirmation protesting against the confirmation of Mr. Crum, and the delegation from South Carolina opposed it before the committees and proved strong enough to authorize the president to withdraw it, much to the satisfaction of the delega-

Mr. Crum is a colored physician. Milwapun, July 15 - Richard Beer's livery stable with easty horses was destroyed by fire this afternoon, Loss \$40,000; partially covered by insur-

For Taking the Side of the Sisters

IN YOUNG PEOPLE'S MEETING

The Senate Commended for Passing the Sunday Closing Amendment-Educational Possibilities Discussed.

DETROIT, July 15 .- The intense heat somewhat tempered the ardor of the Baptist young people, for not more than 600 attended the seasons today. The conspicuous feature of the day was the ceremony entitled "Salutation of the Flags." Enthusiasm reached its height when this was going on.

One or two of the old time notables have made their appearance thus far. One is the famous old Baptist woman known as "Aunt" Lizzie Aiken of Chicago. She made a short speech in the morning and everybody applauded her. She is 72 years old now, but has done a vast amount of work, and important work, too, during her lifetime. During the war she had charge of was beside that of his wife, who was hursed April 30. Her hospitals in Nashville and Memphis, and assisted hundreds of union soldiers. Since then she has done great good in

different ways. At 6:30 o'clock this morning a prayer meeting was held in the First Baptist church. Prayers for the presence of the holy spirit in the convention was led by the Rev. C. E. Nash of Ludlow,

President Chapman presided over the

Report of Nominating Committee, The report of the nominating committee was read by the Rev. C. R. Henderson, chairman. As each name was mentioned applause followed. President-John H. Chapman of Chi-

Vice Presidents-The Rev. Dr. J. P. Cranfill, Texas; Thomas Urqurhart, Canada; Frank Harvey, Field, N. Y. Recording Secretary—The Rev. R. F. Y. Pierce, Mt. Holiy, N. J. Treasurer—J. O. Staples of Chicago.

Board of managers: Maine—The Rev. G. B. Illsely, Ban-

Vermont-The Rev. Dr. W. S. Roberts, Burington.
Massachusetts-C. J. Spencley, Bos-

Rhode Island-The Rev. Moses Bixby, Providence.

New York-The Rev. Dr. D. D. Mc-Laurin, New York City. New Jersey-H. D. F. R. Runyon, Pennsylvania-A. M. Brinkle, Phila-

Michigan-G. Jay Vinton, Detroit. Wisconsin-Rev. G. W. White, D. D., Indiana-Rev. W. Taylor, D. D., In-

Ohio-E. W. Hunt, Toledo.

Illinois-Rev. William Lawrence, D. Minnesota-Rev. C. A. Reese, Minne-Iowa-Rev. R. A. Smith, Fairfield.

Nebraska-Rev. M. G. MacLeod, Omaha. Kansas-Rev. W. B. Hutchinson, North Topeka. South Dakota-Major Loomis, Var

North Dakota-F. D. Hall, Fargo. Wyoming-Rev. T. T. Howard, La-

Colorado-Frank Harrington, Den-

Washington-C. A. Salyer, Seattle. Oregon-H. F. Gile, Salem, Cahlornia-Lorenzo Inskep,

Texas-Rev. A. S. Batten, Fort Worth Louisiana-Rev. W. E. Remick. Mississippi-Rev. J. B. Gambrel,

Alabama-Rev. G. B. Eager, Mont-Georgia-Rev. G. B. Taylor, Macon. Tennessee-M. D. Early, Memphis. Kentucky-Rev. J. H. Bogett, Owens-

Arkansas-H. A. Edmondson, Little Missouri-Rev. M. D. Brenker, Mo-Virginia-W. H. Wranck, Lynch-

North Carolina-Rev. C. B. Hall. South Carolina - W. V. Roach, Charleston.

District of Columbia-Rev. West. Maryland-Rev. L. L. Henson, Balti-Ontario-Harry L. Stark, Toronto. Nova Scotia-Rev. M. R. White.

A Brother Squelched One delegate made the point that the woman should be put on the board. To this the Secretary, Dr. Winkens, made a strong answer. He said the position of woman was a mooted one in the south and Canda and he did not favor their accompancy of public He wanted to see all sections kept together and was speaking to that end. The brother was squeiched.

Discussion of the Sunday closing of the world's fair followed. The Rev. A. C. Jameson of Detroit made the first address and closed by commending the senate upon passing an amend-ment providing for the sunday closing. The Rev. Justin Fulton of Chicago Resolutions were adopted asking the

house of representatives to pass the senate resolution providing for Sunday sent to President Palmer thanking him for declaring in favor of the Sunday

The aducational possibilities of the young peoples movement were discussed by the Rev. John Humstone, D. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., the Rev. E. E. Chiv-ers of Buffalo, and the Rev. E. Bev-erell of London, Ont.

Wilminianas, Pa., July 15. - Ten rough passage, but all passengers were trampe broke into a Delaware & Dudson | landed safely.

out with shoes. Watchman Mills came upon them and fired into the crowd, wounding two of them so badly that they may die. The injured men say they are iron workers and give the

The Great Cable Man Laid Eternally

names of Wittemeyer and Bos CYRUS W. FIELD BURIED.

body of Cyrus W. Field reached Stockbridge at 1:30 this afternoon. It was met at the station by minis-ters and friends taken at once to the historic congregational church, where his father, David Dud-ley Field, was rector for many years. The Congregational burial service was gone through; "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," was sung, and "Nearer my God to Thee;" then prayers were offered by the Rev. Mr. Farrell. The body was then taken to the Field plot in Stockbridge cemetery. Two stops were made between the church and the commeters while the forces. cemetery, while the funeral procession of twenty-five carriages drove to the church and the body was being carried

TEACHERS' CLOSING SESSION.

Their Convention at Saratoga Was Con cluded Last Night.

At one feeting was bench and feeting was bench. Prayers for the holy spirit in the convention will be holy spirit in the convention opened at 9:30 o'clock in the ring with singing led by the Rev. Everett D. Burr, pastor of the Ruggles as Street church, Roston. The Rev. J. B. Cranfull of Texas presided and the opening prayer was made by the Rev. Dr. Thomas of Canada. The report of Dr. Thomas of Canada. The report of Dr. Thomas of Canada. The report of System Be Improved by Legislation?" This paper was disof Topeka, Kan. The last paper read was "Personality of the Teacher," by G. Harris of Moutgomery, Ala. At the many session the new president was the association and or stings of the session. of the most successful meetings of the National Educational association was brought to a close by the singing of the

doxology.

The association has elected these offireas: President, Albert G. Lane of Chicago; vice presidents, H. E. Cook of New York, L. E. Wolf of Missourt, G. H. Ramsey of Louisiana, J. W. Dickinson of Massachusetts, F. A. Fitzpatrick of Nebraska, I. D. Rogers of Iowa, W. H. Bartholomew of Kentucky, M. C. Fernold of Maine, E. E. White of Ohio, T. A. Fulrath of Arkansas E. Searing T. A. Fulrath of Arkansas, E. Searing of Minnesota, C. Schnefer of Pennsyl-vania; secretary, R. W. Stevenson of Wichita, Kan.; treasurer, James M. Greenwood of Kansas City.

DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW. The Money Market and Business Fail-

NEW YORK, July 15 .- R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade will say: The business outlook is fairly encour aging. Money markets are abundantly supplied, though the treasury has taken in much more than it has paid out. Banks bave been refusing cash to gold exporters and redemption of notes has drawn coin from the treasury which nevertheless holds as much gold as a week ago. The stock market has been inactive with scarcely any change in prices for the week. Business failures during the last seven days number for the United States 168, Canada 22, total 190, as compared with 176 last week and 197 the week previous to the last, and 274 for the corresponding

MARTIAL LAW PREVAILS.

The Miners in Idaho Held in Complete Restraint.

WARDNER, Ida., July 15 .- Everything s quiet today and martial law prevails. A number of the leaders of the strikers have been arrested. Fred E. Dean, secretary of the union, was among the first arrested. President O'Brien was another. At Wallace also it is reported d'Alene region is virtually in the hands commit some act of violence soon the time for such conduct will be past. The men at the mine will be supplied with Winchesters by the owners to protect the property.

this city about 4 o'clock this after-noon. Several persons were injured, but only one seriously as far as known. W. E. Ward of the as known. W. E. Ward of the Ward Iron works, No. 49 Central avenue, was struck on the head by a brick from the top of a building. He was removed to a hospital, where an examination showed his skull to be eractured. The roof the veterinary nospital on Maine street was blow across test thoroughfare, crashing into the Banner brewery and causing some damage to that building. The damage to the property throughout the city is estimated at \$25,000.

Fire at Pittsburg. Pirrishum, July 15 .- The Summer notel restaurant and garden, together with the power house and hoisting ma plane, which stands from Seventeenth street over the Pennsylvania tracks to the high bluff near the Union sta tion, was destroyed by fire this aftererty destroyed belongs to the Pennsyl-

vania Incline railway. Harrity Will Accept.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The World this morning save. "William F. Harrity of Pennsylvania bas consented to be the organization. If nothing mexpected should happen between now and next Wednesday he will be selected by the national committee."

Arrived in Port Water Logged. Curcaso, July 15.—10:30 p. m.—The steamer John A. Inx left Michigan City for Chicago with a load of excurmonists at 3 o'clock this aftermon. She was due at her
dock here at 6 o'clock,
arrived in port almost water logged at
a late hour. She has experienced a

The Big Sensation in the Railroad Cases

FALLS THROUGH THE BOTTOM

BARRINGTON, Mass., July 15 .- The All Proceedings for Contempt Stayed Until September 6-Sensations

CHICAGO, July 15 .- The interetate commerce commission which has been since Wednesday last in session and summoned freight agents and others to give information, will leave tomorrow for Omaba. They are due there Monday, but if they get no more information there than they did here their mission will have proved fruitless. At the the afternoon session the expected sen-sation before Judge Gresham in the application of the commission to compel Vice President Sterling to produce the stock books of his company failed to materialize. The attorneys for the steel company got together proper defense in such an important case. They therefore asked the comwas buried April 30. Her grave was decorated with cut flowers. reasonable time. The commission was in no hurry to have the case decided, and they went before Judge Gresham at once and after the facts had been stated to him he decided that it was no more than fair that the defendants have ample time in which to prepare

> He could not take the case at this time any how and proposed that the hearing be postponed until September 5. All agreed to this and it was thus settled that not only would Mr. Sterfreight agents who had refused to testify would be disposed of. The commission then resumed its ingiries. But two witnesses were examined.
> They were N. T. Johnson and William
> Borner, general western freight agent
> of the Pennsylvania company and also
> freight agent of the Union line, a fast freight line operating over the Penn-sylvania system and owned by it. Mr. ohnson claimed to know nothing about the details of the freight business of his line and was excused. Mr. Borner was by far the best witness the commission had, but gave up nothing of a startling nature. He prided himself that his road never cut below the tariff rate. The fast foreign lines, he thought, were a convenience to the roads and the public, but he had heard a great deal about secret rate cutting by the agents of these lines. The division of freight traffic from some lines which was entitled to the traffic proved that rate-cutting was practiced. His road had suffered from this complaint.

DENIES SHE'S HIS WIFE, A Woman Calling Herself Mrs. Robert Herbst Sues for Alimony.

New YORK, July 15 .- Robert Herbst, being proceeded against for divorce or alimony by a woman to whom he declares he is in no way related. The case embodies a series of most remark-able allegations, and will undoubtedly result in some unique revelations. The papers in the case Justice Andrews in the supreme court on July 5. They relate the following The petitioner states that she is Mrs. Hedwig Herbst, nee Flegner, the wife of Robert Herbst of the firm of Herbst Brothers, exporters of general merchandise, at No. 10 Pearl street, and asks for an absolute divorce. She declares that she and Mr. Herbst were married at Hastings in 1885 and that they lived together until after 1890. The divorce is asked for on the usual

statutory grounds, and Amelia Haefein

is named as co-respondent.

The plaintiff then proceeds to tell her tale of woe. She says that while she was living with Herbst as his wife, during the year 1890, he continually sisted that she was not well, and that she needed a sea voyage, notwithstanding that she did not complain at all, and was, in fact, in perfect health. Her husband, however, would have it that she was ill, and pretended not to believe her continued assertions that she was well and did not require a trip anywhere. Finally, in July, 1890, it is ous female physician, or at least a woman purporting to be a physician, Terrific Storm in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, July 15.—A terrific storm of wind and rain passed over her. While unconscious she was secretly carried abroad an ocean steamship and given in of the captain. She has never known the name of either captain or the vesthe skipper and taken to Hamburg. There the captain had her conveyed to a private insane asylum. She received letters at intervals from her husband, and they were all of a most affectionate character, but during the whole time At last there came a letter from Mr Herbet, in which he made the startling

> another woman, who had borne bim a Mrs. Herbst, so-called, does not tell how she got away from the asylum, but she made her escape and found work as a chambermaid. By this means and that of other menial occupations to pay her way back to America, and she arrived here on May 1, 1891. She is destitute, she says, and asks for all mony, and that the defendant be made to supply her with sufficient funds to

annoucement that he had married

carry on the suit. matter, except to say that he regrets the notoriety into which he is brought; that he never lived with Miss Flegner, and that it is simply a case of black

An Indianapolis Man's Peculiar Way of Postponing . Wedding.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 15,-John Clark. a young man of this city, left his affianced at midnight Wednesday, and a shot and heard Clark cry out that he was killed. Rushing to him, she found him with an ugly bullet wound in the left side just above the heart. When the police arrived Clark claimed that soon after he left the gate a man whom he recognized as one whom he had surance of \$500 on the seen gambling at Miles' place on North cause of fire is unknown.

Illimois street, had stopped him and attempted to throw him down. He tried to draw his revolver, but the weapon was wrested from him by his assailant who turned it on him and fired. He then took \$350 from him and fired, dropping the revolver. The detectives have spent the day investigating the case and have come to the conclusion that Clark shot himself and that he was not robbed. He has been engaged to a Miss Robinson for some time and three occasions the day has been set for their nuptials. Clark is believed to have lost his money at gambling and their nuptials. Clark is believed to have lost his money at gambling and shot himself and claimed to have been robbed in order to have an excuse for another postponement. Persons living near the scene of the shooting and awake at the time, heard no scuttle nor saw any one run from the scene when the start was fixed.

PECULIAR EMBEZZLING CASE How a Postoffice Clerk Gave a Valuable

Letter to the Wrong Man. EAU CLAIRE, Wis., July 15 .- A young man named Leonard, whose home is at Marshfield, is is jail here on charge of Marshfield, is is jail here on charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. The story of the case is extraordinary. The other day ex. Congressman Burr W-Jones of Madison got a certificate of deposit to his own credit at the First National bank of that city for \$1,240.60, indorsed it to Levi Leonard of Evansities. ville, Wis., and mailed it to that gentle-

The stupid postoffice clerk sent it instead to Eau Claire.

It happened by bare chance that Louis Leonard, the man now in jail, was in Eau Claire and went to the general forms. eral delivery window of the postoffice and asked if there was any mail for him. The clerk produced the Jones letter and gave it to the man, who raised \$30 on the certificate of deposit at the Commercial bank in this city and fied. He was caught at Chippewa Falls. The certificate of deposit and the letter is in the hands of the district attorney. Leonard pleaded not guilty to the charge against him when ar-raigned today. The postmaster here says he will discharge the clerk who gave the letter to Leonard.

Smallpox at Victoria. SAN FRANCISCO, July 15 .- A dispatch health has ordered an absolute quarantine against British Columbia. The revenue cutter Wolcott will patrol the sound waters and warn vessels from British Columbia away from American

MARINETTE. Wis., July 15. — John Coppic today snot his wife fatally and one of the bullets inflicted a slight wound on one of his children. He then tried to kill himself with a ball in the breast, but did not inflict a mortal wound. The wife had him arrested yesterday for ill-treatment, but he was released on suspended sentence.

Wabash, Ind., July 15.—A young lad by the name of Hawn, whose home is in Whitley county, died Wednesday night after inconceivable suffering, the result of a bite several days before of a rattlesnake. The poison had per-meated every fibre of his body, and the agony was beyond belief.

POOR WEEK FOR MILLERS. Fourth of July Holidays Materially De-

crease Their Output, MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 15 .- The Northwestern Miller says: The mills last week ground the smallest quantity of flour since September. All the mills capacity in motion the rest of the time was reduced as compared with former weeks. The week's output was 147,daily, against 197,450 barrels the previous week, 139,265 barrels for the corresponding time in 1891, and 99,100 barrels in 1890. Three additional mills started Monday, leaving twenty in operation Wednesday, grinding at the rate of about 33,500 barrels.

Somewhat more flour appears to have been sold for a week back than last week, though extremely low prices were doubtless realized. Some eastern with a little more freedom. This class, however, is not yet large. The millers say that some of the bids they get are discouraging. The export demand, as well as domestic, is rather better, foreigners seemingly desiring to secure old wheat flour at present prices. An increased quantity of bakers has been disposed of, though it has been necessary to shade quotations. This grade is not got rid of as fast as made, and there is a great of pressure to

foreign business out not a little. The direct exports last week were 61,710 barrels, against 89,140 barrels the pre-280 pounds c. i. f. are: Patent, 26em 27a 6d; bakers, 20sm 21s; low grade, 11s 6a (4) 12a 6d.

DUE TO THE M'KINLEY LAW. Postering of Pearl Button Factories as Told by a Manufacturer.

New York, July 15 .- Thomas A

Webb, a pearl button manufacturer, has just purchased a large property in Newark for the erection of a new factory. Mr. Webb said that the new structure was entirely owing to the McKinley bill. "When the bill was passed," said Mr. Webb, "there were twelve or thirteen manufactories in the country, with an average of from eight to twelve operators. Now there are about eixty plants, with an average of fromfifty five to sixty workmen.
My own tuniness began with eight
workmen, and I now employ 103. When the new factory is completed I shall have nearly 300. My orders now amount to between \$150,000 to \$170,000 Before the McKinley act I did

The wages of pearl button makers were formerly \$8, \$10 and \$12 a week. They now earn \$18, \$20 and \$22, according to skill.

Last Night's Blaze.

The alarm of fire shortly after mid-The aiarm of hire shortly after midnight last night was caused by the turning of a small grocery store at the corner of Lyon and Houseman streets, owned and occupied by James L. Furchase. It was totally destroyed. The building was valued at \$400 and insured for \$300, and there was an insurance of \$500 on the stock. The Brooklyn navy yard and she was some of fire is unknown.

of Fifty-Four.

Lesnon, July 15 .- Sir Charles Dilke has been elected in the Forest of Dean division of Cloucestershire, receiving 5,360 votes to 2,942 for the tory candidate, Mr. Wemyes. This means the resumption of a brilliant parliamentary career which was suddenly cut off less than ten years ago by the scandal in which Sir Charles became involved with the wife of Donald Crawford. The facts of the case and his subsequent marriage to the widow of the Rev. Mark Pattison, rector of Lincoln college, Oxford, to whom he was engaged at the time the scandal became public, are still very fresh in the public mind. His present candidature met with the most violent opposition. The prothat against Parnell and was made irrespective of party affiliations. "In the highest places in the liberal party," said Editor Stead, himself one of the most prominent of liberals, "there can only be one opinion as to she conduct of those who are aiding and abetting Sir Charles Dilke in his attempt to resume his position in the house of commons, although it is con-trary to the eviquette of political parties for the leaders to express any opinion as to the choice of a constituency."

His Great Scandal, It is related that Lord Beaconsfield, when Benjamin Disraeli pointed him out as a future prime minister. It is also told that Queen Victoria, when reminded of the fact that she had once patted him on the head while a child, remarked: "I must have stroked from Victoria th's morning reports child, remarked: "I must have stroked fifty-six cases of smallpox there. A case was also reported at Portland last might. The Puget Sound board of he was asked to contest Fulham, but as there was a possibility of his being defeated it was thought that it would be better for him not to begin his new parliamentary career with a Waterloo

It is said that the present Lady Dilke no sooner heard of the complications of Sir Charles between his French mistress and his late brother's wife's sister. Mrs. Crawford, than she telegraphed her sympathy from India, where she was then traveling for pleasure, and bade him lose no time in making their engagement public. She was cager that the approaching marriage should be proclaimed in society, although society was somewhat shocked by the \$125,000 check paid Mr. Crawford through Earl tirangula and returned his future political course and join him in denouncing the sins of the royal family and artistocracy of England.

Election returns up to 4 p. m. today how the following results: 249 liberals, 41 unionists, 59 nationalists and 7 Parnellites. The net liberal gain thus far is 54. TO DIRECT THE CAMPAIGN.

Spooner, Payne and Kerens Talked of as Campbell's Successor. New York, July 15 .- All the members of the republican national executive committee are expected to be here tomorrow morning, with the exception of Garret A. Hobart of New Jersey, who of carret A. Hobartof New Jersey, who is now in Europe. Much business will be transacted by the committee, the most important of which will be the election of a chairman to take the place of W. J. Campbell of Isluois.

Tonight there was some talk of put ting forward Richard C. Kerens of Missouri for chairman. It was said, however, on excellent authority that either ex-Senator Spooner or Henry C. Payne flour men are said to have come to be-lieve that flour is about as chesp as it Payne is a member of the national can be, and are therefore taking hold executive committee and he has been a member of the national committee in one or two campagns. Ex-secretary Spooner is not a member of the na-tional committee, but if he is selected for the chairmanship Mr. Payne will retire in his favor and give him his

place on the committee. was elected secretary of the national committee he said that he did not that capacity during the campaign. It was eard tonight that Mr. Carter had decided to resign the office, and to dedecided to resign the office, and to devote his attention to other work during the campaign. In case he carries out his intention W. O. Bradley of Kentucky is likely to succeed him.

The question of establishing a Chicago branch of the national committee

beadquarters will also come up at the hendquarters will also come up at the meeting Saturday. Many of the lending western republicans are analous that this be done. They argue that the democrats hase their hopes of success upon carrying some of the northwestern states and that there ought to be western headquarters from which to

Presidential Appointments

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The president today sent the following nominedent today sent the following nominations to the senate: George L. Townsend of Delaware to be collector of customs for the district of Delaware; Lient. Col. Iver D. Green, assistant adjutant general to be colonel and assistant adjutant general; Major Michael V. Sheridan, assistant adjutant general; Major Michael V. Sheridan, assistant adjutant general to be heutenant enjoyed and assistant general; Lieut. Col. Andrew S. Burth, Seventh infantry, to be colonel; Major Benham, Seventh infantry, to be immienant colonel, and the following names of cadets graduates from the military academy, corps of engineers: Cadet James R. Cavanaugh to be additional second lieutenant; Cadet James P. Jovey, additional second lieutenants. The remainder of the cadet class to be second lieutenants in and additional second lieutenants in and additional second lieutenants in the artillery and infantry arms.